



MULTI-VIEW DRAWING

The way Drafters look at the world.

Multi-View Drawing or Orthographic Projection

In the Drafting Industry...

1. Multi-view Drawings are the major type of drawing used.
2. Views are carefully selected to show every detail of size & shape as well as the process to be performed.
3. Typically 3 views of the object is drawn. However, this can vary from 1 or 2 for a simple drawings to 4 or more for a complex.
4. Drawing Views are arranged in a industry standard. (Hint, Hint ,The Glass Box Method)



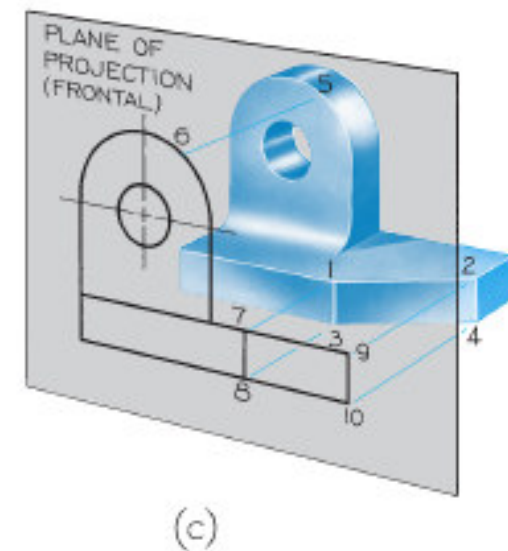
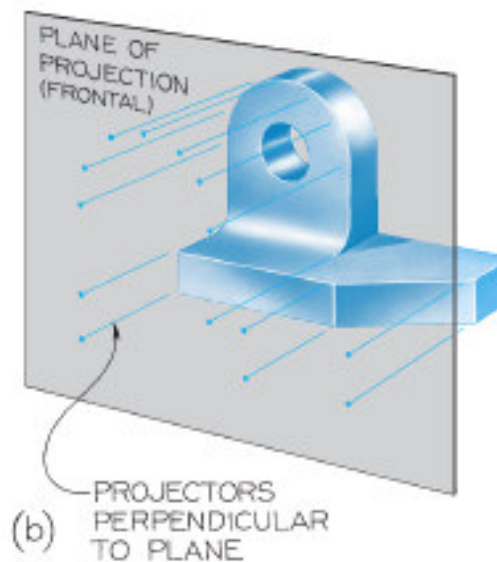
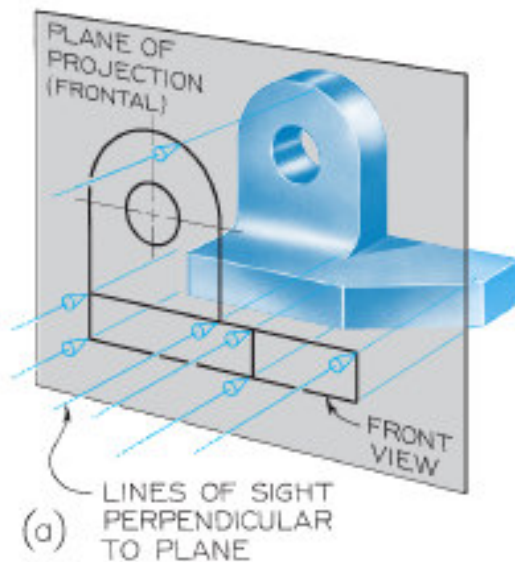
Hello Drafting Students. Are you ready for a top secret mission?



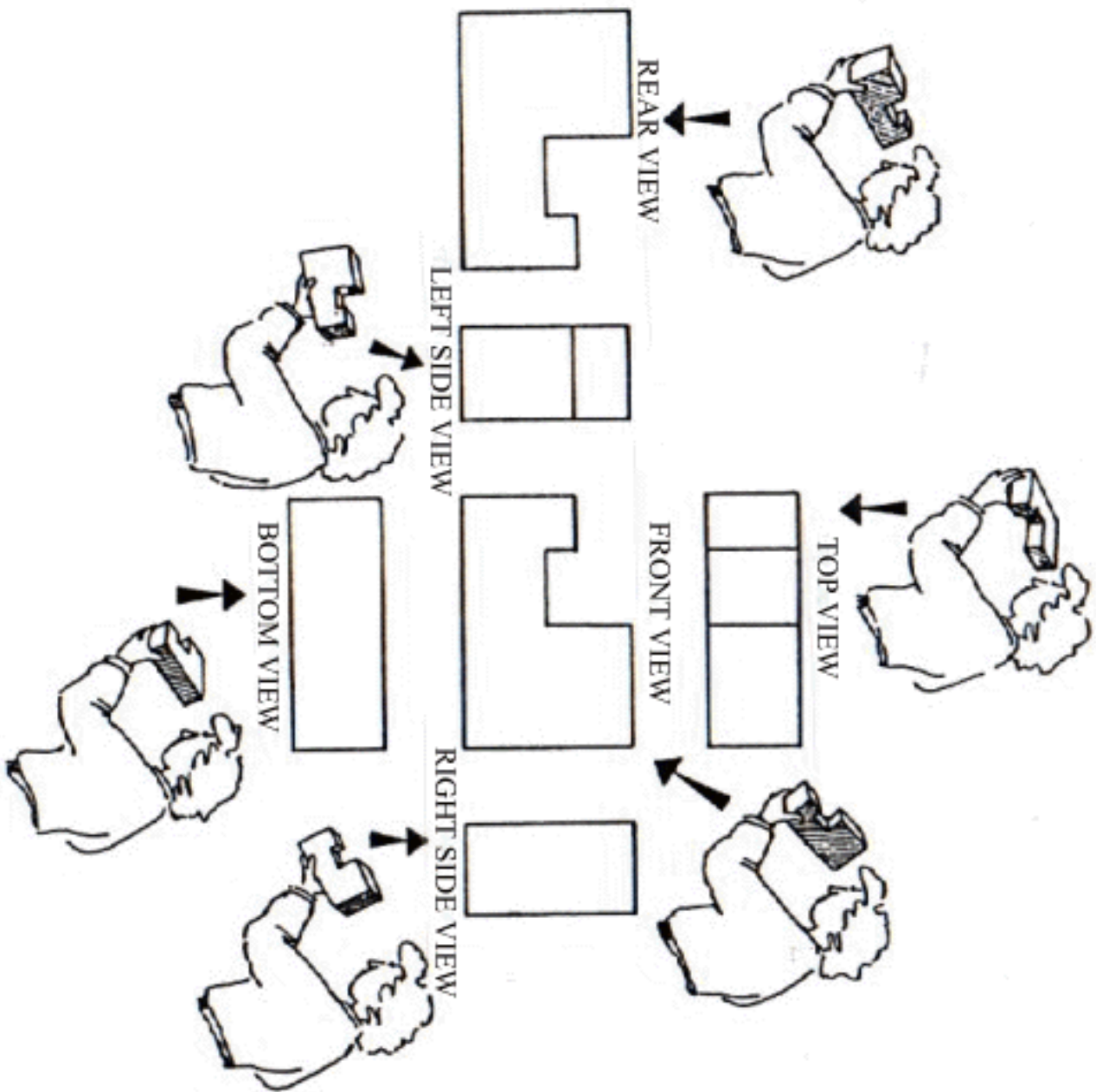
ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION

Orthographic Projection

- An **orthographic projection** drawing is a representation of the separate views of an object on a **2-D** surface.
- The projection is achieved by viewing the object from a point assumed to be at infinity. The **lines of sight** are **parallel** to each other and **perpendicular** to the **plane of projection**.



Orthographic Projection

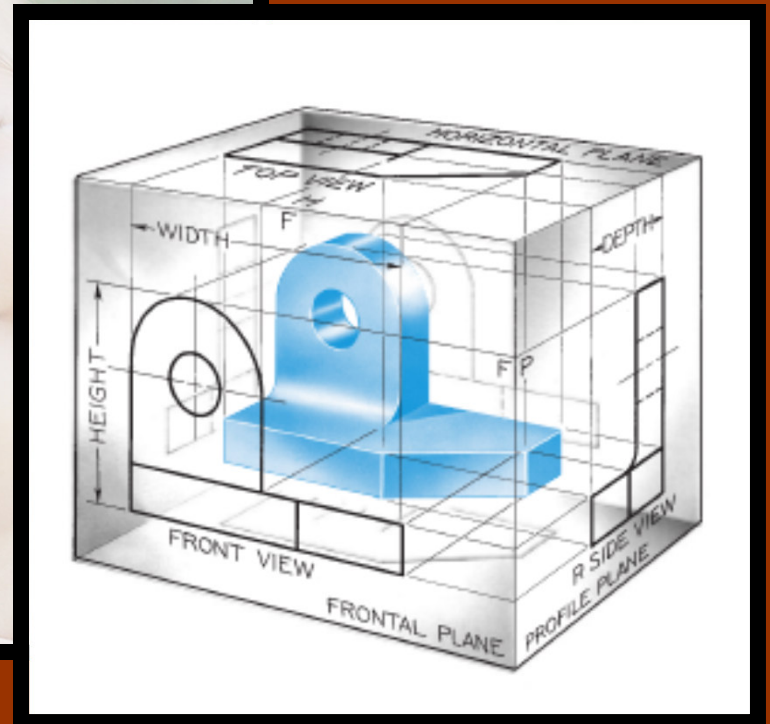
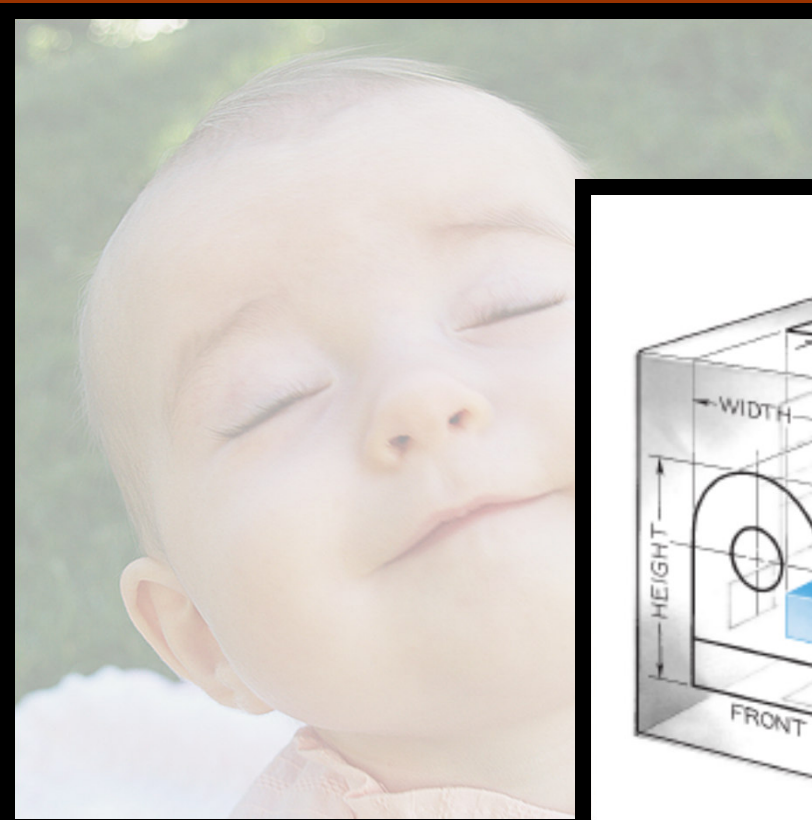


CLOSE YOUR EYES AND PICTURE THIS



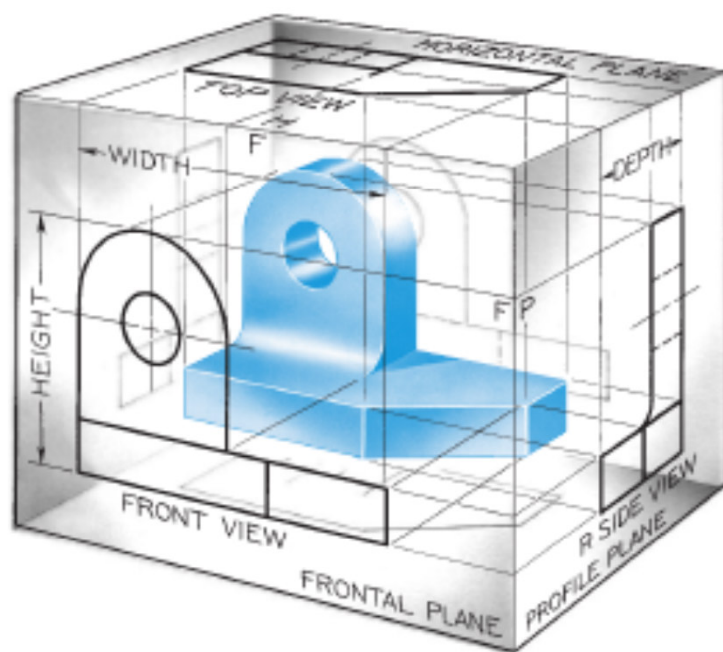
THE PROJECTION TECHNIQUE

People who are experienced in Drafting can easily “picture” different views of an object in their mind. This is known as “**Visualizing the Views**”.

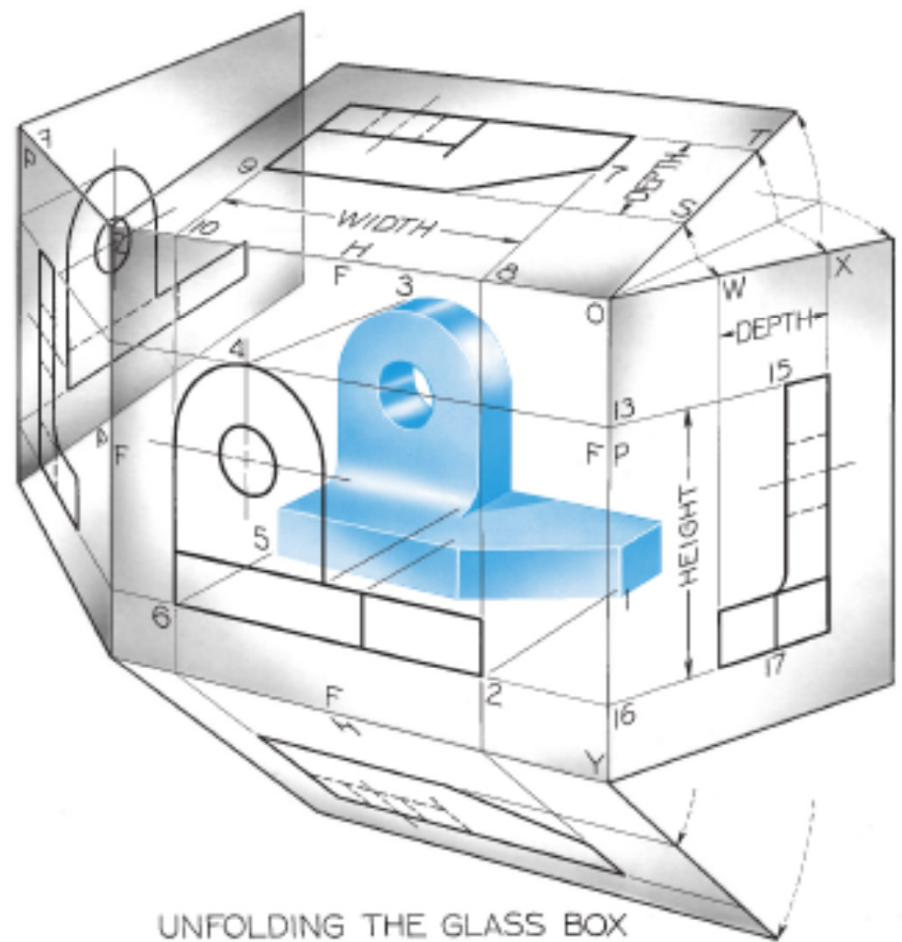


The “**Glass Box**” idea is a good way of developing the skill in visualizing each view. You get these views by projecting the lines of sight to each plane of the glass box.

THE GLASS BOX

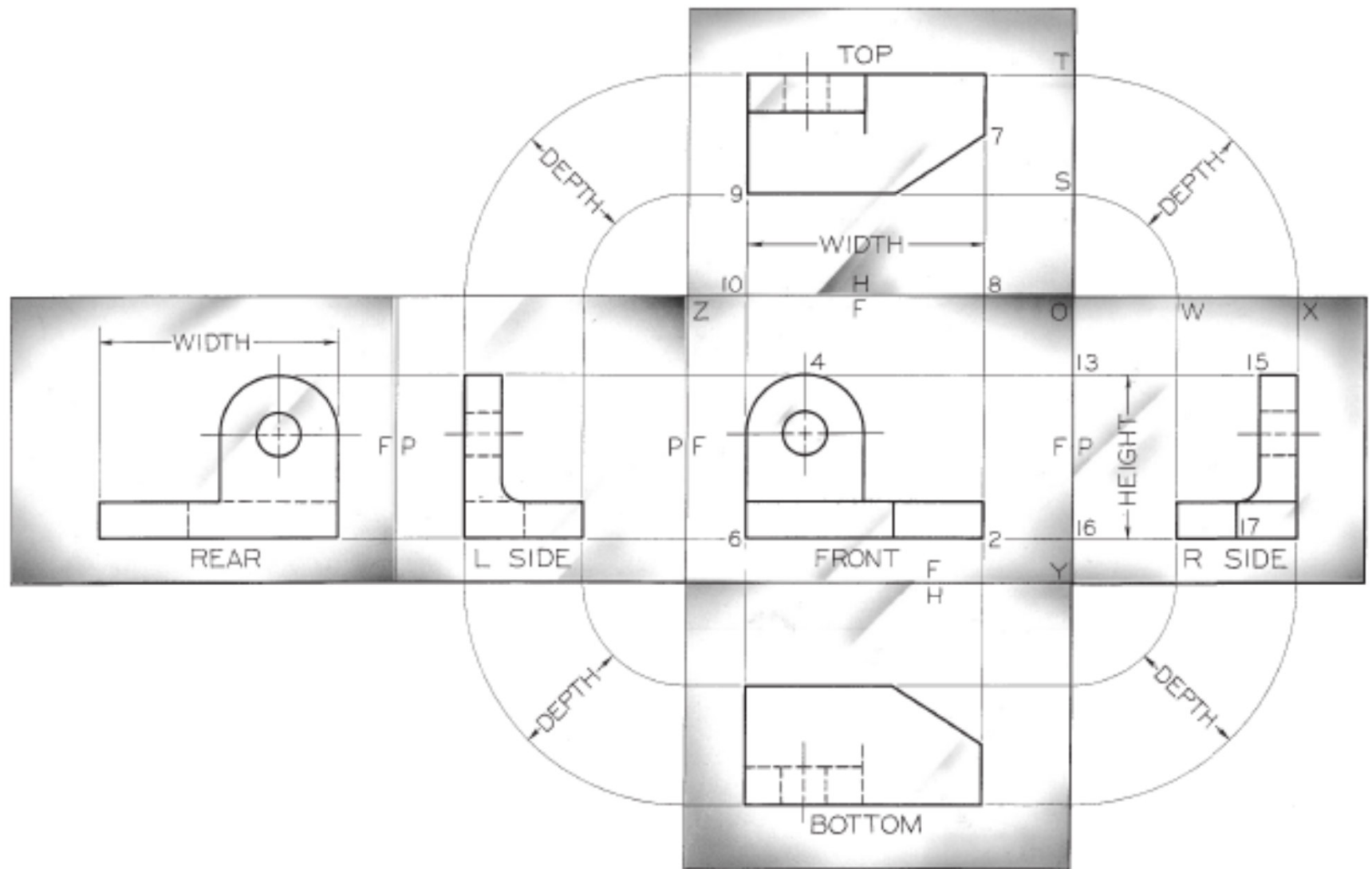


THE GLASS BOX
(a)



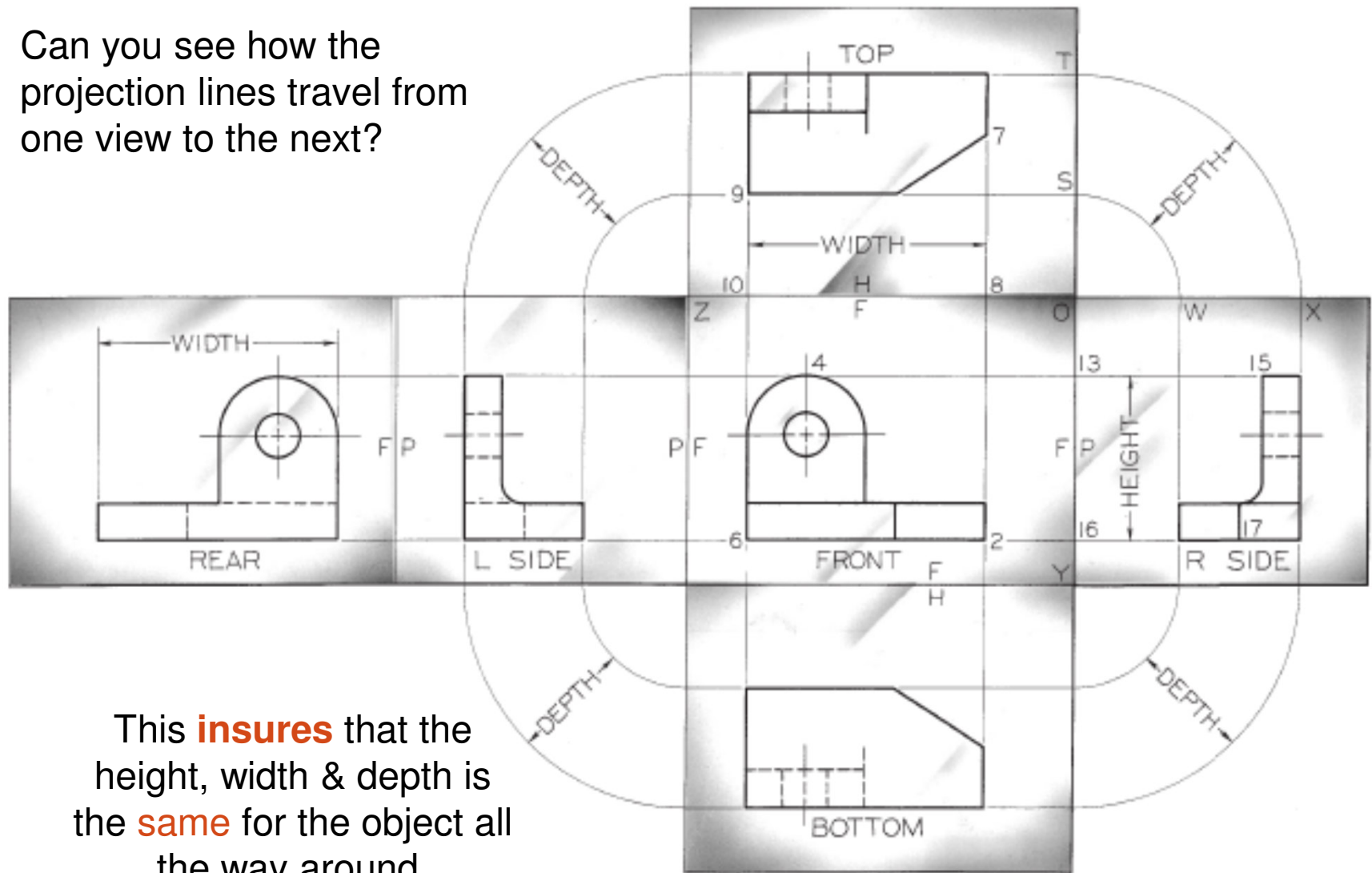
UNFOLDING THE GLASS BOX
(b)

THE GLASS BOX UNFOLDED



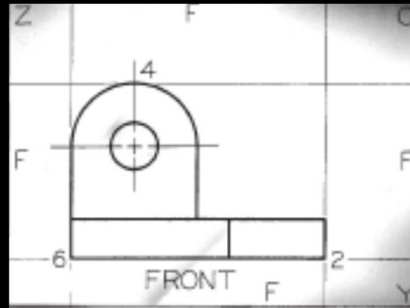
THE GLASS BOX UNFOLDED

Can you see how the projection lines travel from one view to the next?

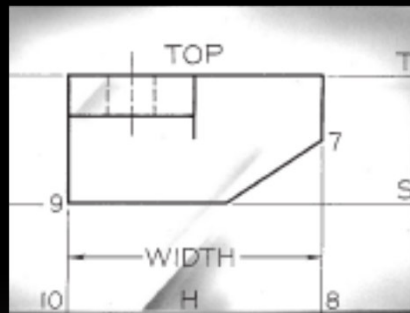


This **insures** that the height, width & depth is the **same** for the object all the way around.

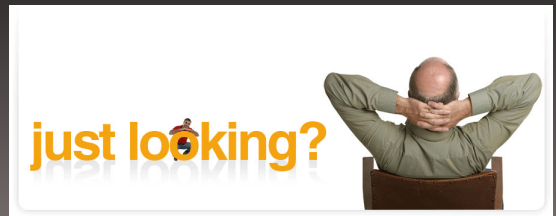
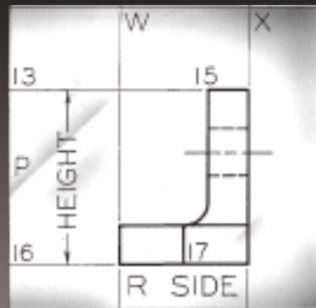
The Projection shown in the Frontal Plane is called the “FRONT VIEW” or “FRONT ELEVATION”.



The Projection shown in the Horizontal Plane is called the “TOP VIEW” or “PLAN VIEW”.



The Projection shown in the Profile Plane is called the “SIDE VIEW” or “END VIEW”.



SELECTION OF VIEWS



VIEW A

SO, you have an object...
lets say a car. What view
would you consider the
FRONT VIEW ?



VIEW B

SELECTION OF VIEWS



VIEW A

SO, you have an object...
lets say a car. What view
would you consider the
FRONT VIEW?




VIEW B



**View B-because you
want to select the
view that best
describes the shape
of the object**

A quick review... ☺

1. What is another term for Multi-view drawings?




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ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION



2. Views are carefully selected to show every detail of _____ & _____ as well as the process to be performed.



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SIZE & SHAPE

3. When looking at an object to project as an Orthographic Drawing,
The lines of sight are _____ to
each other and _____
to the plane of projection


3. When looking at an object to project as an Orthographic Drawing,
The lines of sight are _____ to
each other and _____
to the plane of projection

PARALLEL

PERPENDICULAR





4. What is the name of the method that is helpful for visualizing the 6 views of an object?



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THE GLASS BOX METHOD



5. How do you decide what is the
“FRONT VIEW” of an object?

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THE VIEW THAT BEST
DESCRIBES WHAT THE
OBJECT LOOKS LIKE

Well done students.
Now I will introduce
you to my partner,
Vellum, John Vellum



A good website:

<http://www.wisc-online.com/objects/ViewObject.aspx?ID=ENG19204>